

Participatory action to overcome the barriers to psychosocial care and capacity building

St Mary's House of Welcome and ACU SESU

partnership project

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The SESU partnership project



1. Background

Psychosocial disability

St Mary's House of Welcome

Literature review

2. Research questions

3. Methodology

Background: Psychosocial Disability

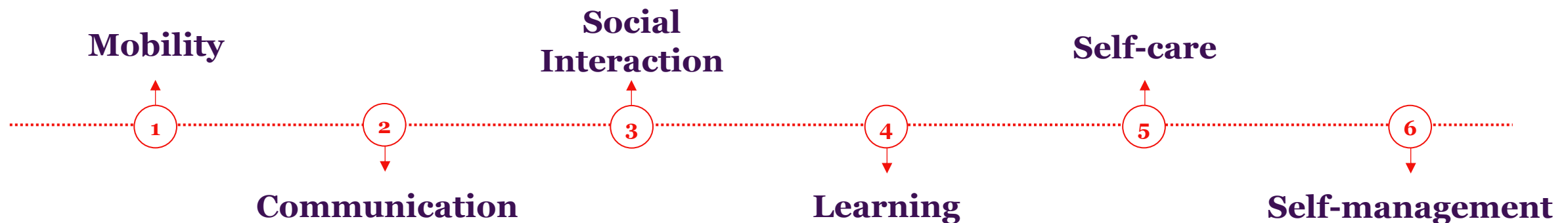


When a person has a mental health condition that presents significant obstacles to their everyday functioning

It may impair someone's ability to:

- be in certain types of environments
- concentrate
- have enough stamina to complete tasks
- cope with time pressures and multiple tasks
- interact with others
- understand constructive feedback
- manage stress

(NSW Health, 2020)



Background: St Mary's House of Welcome (SMHOW)

A not-for-profit open access centre in
the heart of Melbourne

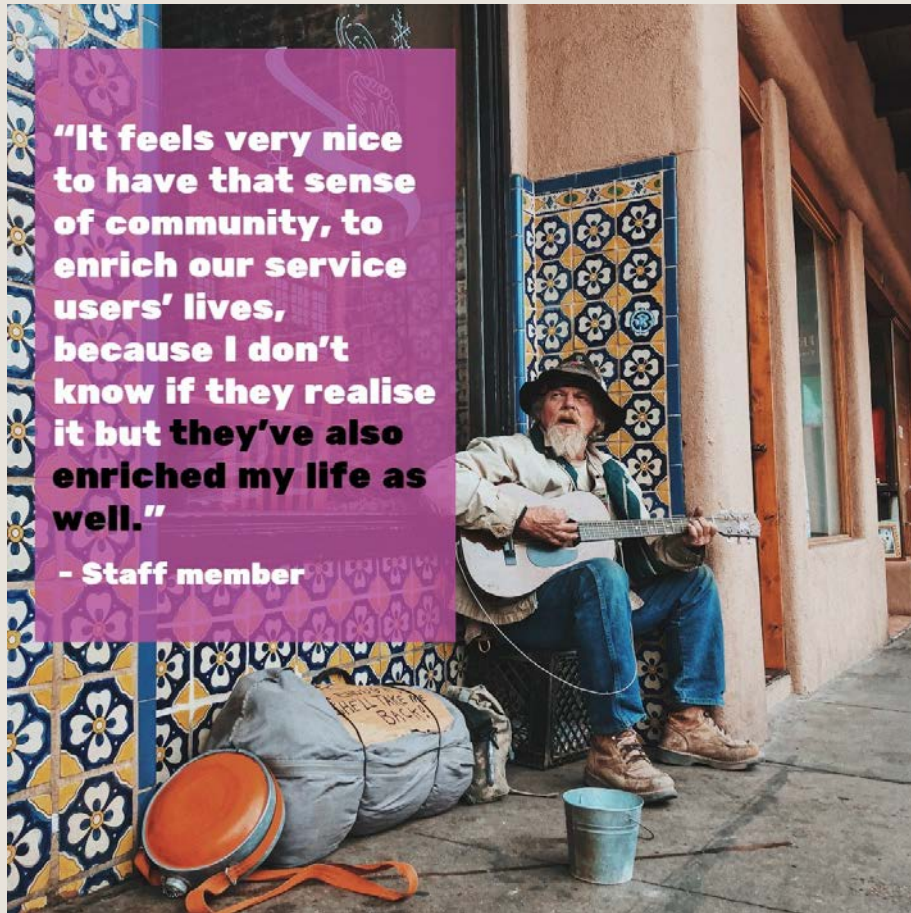
Providing basic essential services to
people who are **homeless** and
**experiencing poverty, severe and
persistent mental health issues**, and
those who are **extremely isolated and
socially marginalised**



**“There is so much
experience, resilience,
kindness and compassion
within the community we
support. It’s a real blessing
to be a part of that, be a
part of their lives and be
vulnerable and let us help
them support them.”**

- Staff member

Background: Psychosocial NDIS Program at SMHOW



SMHOW. (2020).



Aiming to improve quality of life through capacity building

- Increase Choice & Control
- Social and Community Access
- Maintain Relationships
- Individual Skill Development
- Housing Support
- Obtain other supports through Support Coordination

Background: Literature Review



A review of the barriers faced in the Australian context revealed:

- *A lot of information is required, and the process is overwhelming*
- *May not identify or want to identify as having a (permanent lifelong) disability*
- *May not perceive NDIS will help with recovery*
- *Wariness and distrust*
- *Intersectional factors conspire against NDIS engagement*
- *Confusion and lack of understanding*
- *Access to culturally appropriate support is an issue*



Homelessness is not a choice.

Homelessness is one of the most compelling examples of disadvantage in the community, and one of the most important markers of social exclusion.

SMHOW. (2020).

Research Questions

This project will answer three questions:

1. What are the barriers and drivers impacting engagement with the SMHOW NDIS psychosocial program by adults who are living with a psychosocial disability?
2. What framework can be developed to optimise the likelihood of engagement with the SMHOW NDIS psychosocial program by adults aged who are living with a psychosocial disability?
3. How do participants in the SMHOW NDIS psychosocial program perceive the impact of it upon their lives?



Methodology



Mixed Methods

'QUALquant'

Critical Realist perspective

Retroductive exploration

Action Research Approach

Solution co-creation

Methodology



Objective:	Method:
<p>1. Identify the drivers of, barriers to and value of engaging with the SMHOW NDIS psychosocial program among adults aged 19-70 with a psychosocial disability</p>	<p>Conduct individual interviews with service users and focus group interviews with SMHOW staff members and volunteers.</p>
<p>2. To construct a framework to address the barriers faced by adults with a psychosocial disability aged 19-70 to engaging with the SMHOW NDIS psychosocial program</p>	<p>Develop via a Participatory Action approach with key stakeholder group (include service users, service staff members, external contributors with relevant expertise).</p>
<p>3. Explore the drivers of, barriers to and value of engaging with the SMHOW NDIS psychosocial program among adults aged 19-70 with CALD and LGBTQI+ identities who are living with a psychosocial disability, and those who have an acquired brain injury, to ascertain whether there are any that are specific to these populations</p>	<p>Ensure variation within service user sample to include these cohorts, whose views will be identified specifically in the analysis of these data.</p>
<p>4. Distinguish between service and participant driven barriers to engagement with the SMHOW NDIS psychosocial program among adults aged 19-70 who are living with a psychosocial disability.</p>	<p>Analysis of 'barrier' interview and focus group data will facilitate this.</p>

Methodology



Objective:	Method:
5. Provide an evidence base of the impact the SMHOW NDIS psychosocial program has in client's lives.	Include relevant questions in individual service user interviews; analysis of these data will facilitate achievement of this objective.
6. Develop a framework and evaluation process to optimise engagement by adults with a psychosocial disability aged 19-70 with the SMHOW NDIS psychosocial program.	Develop framework and evaluation process developed via a Participatory Action approach with key stakeholder group (include service users, service staff members, external contributors with relevant expertise).
7. Explain the structure/framework developed for Objective 4. to SMHOW stakeholders	Develop a communication/marketing plan via a Participatory Action approach with key stakeholder group (include service users, service staff members, external contributors with relevant expertise).
8. Support future investment into the program.	Provide a context-relevant ('good fit') evidence based approach to optimise the likelihood of service user uptake of / engagement with the program.

References

Australian Bureau of Statistics. (2018). *Psychosocial disability*. <https://www.abs.gov.au/articles/psychosocial-disability>

NSW Health. (2020). *Psychosocial disability*. <https://www.health.nsw.gov.au/mentalhealth/psychosocial/foundations/Pages/psychosocial-what-is.aspx>

SMHOW. (2020). *St Mary's House of Welcome* [Photograph]. Facebook page. https://www.facebook.com/pg/smhow/photos/?ref=page_internal