



How safe are youth-serving organisations? The Children and Young People's Safety Project



Douglas Russell
Senior Research Officer
Institute of Child Protection
Studies, ACU
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Background



409 recommendations
10 National Principles



**We need to
improve our
policies and
procedures**



**How can we measure and evaluate
the impact of our improvements?**

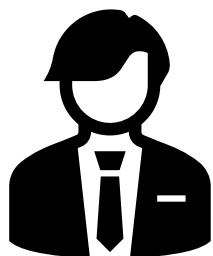


ICPS
**Children's Safety
and Safeguarding
Capabilities
Surveys**



We have worked with schools and school systems, child welfare and out-of-home care organisations, religious groups and sports organisations and clubs

2018-2020 Participants



Safeguarding Capabilities Survey

633 staff & volunteers
 22% M 77% F 1% Gender Diverse
 61% Practitioners, 30% middle and senior management, 9% admin



Sectors: 43% = Youth Development
 (Top Four) 27% = Education
 12% = Sport
 10% = Community services

Children's Safety Survey

1,851 young people
 37% M 62% F 1% GD
 10-18 y/o; 13.95(2.05)

Sectors: 81% = Education
 (Top Four) 5% = OOHC
 4% = After school care
 4% = Community services



2018-2020 Results (selection of key results)

Safeguarding Capabilities Survey


- Attitudes towards safeguarding are high. Conversely, confidence to act is comparatively low
- Staff are aware of Codes of Conduct and their mandatory reporting requirements
- Staff want more training and need support in building the sexual safety of YP and providing support to abused YP

Children's Safety Survey

- 96% of YP feel safe all or most of the time
- YP would tell their Mum, a friend or their Dad if they felt unsafe
- 2/3 of YP are confident adults can help
- Around 50% said there are interpersonal barriers to seeking help

YP = young people

Conclusions



The graphic is a dark grey circle containing three white icons: a person kicking a soccer ball, a church steeple, and a house with a chimney. The text 'Action steps for leaders' is written in white at the top of the circle.

7. Discuss children’s safety often, with everyone. This includes listening to children and young people themselves, parents, carers, staff (frontline and administration), and volunteers.

8. Provide ongoing professional learning for staff and volunteers about safeguarding children and young people and particularly on how to support a child or young person if they have concerns or when they feel unsafe.

9. Talk about safety processes you use that go beyond pre-employment suitability screening (i.e., Working with Children Checks) that ensure children and young people’s safety.

10. Share safeguarding policies and procedures regularly with children and young people using child-friendly language that is suitable for their age.

For more information about the Children and Young People’s Safety project and how it could help your organisation measure safeguarding go to <https://safeguardingchildren.acu.edu.au/measuring-safety>