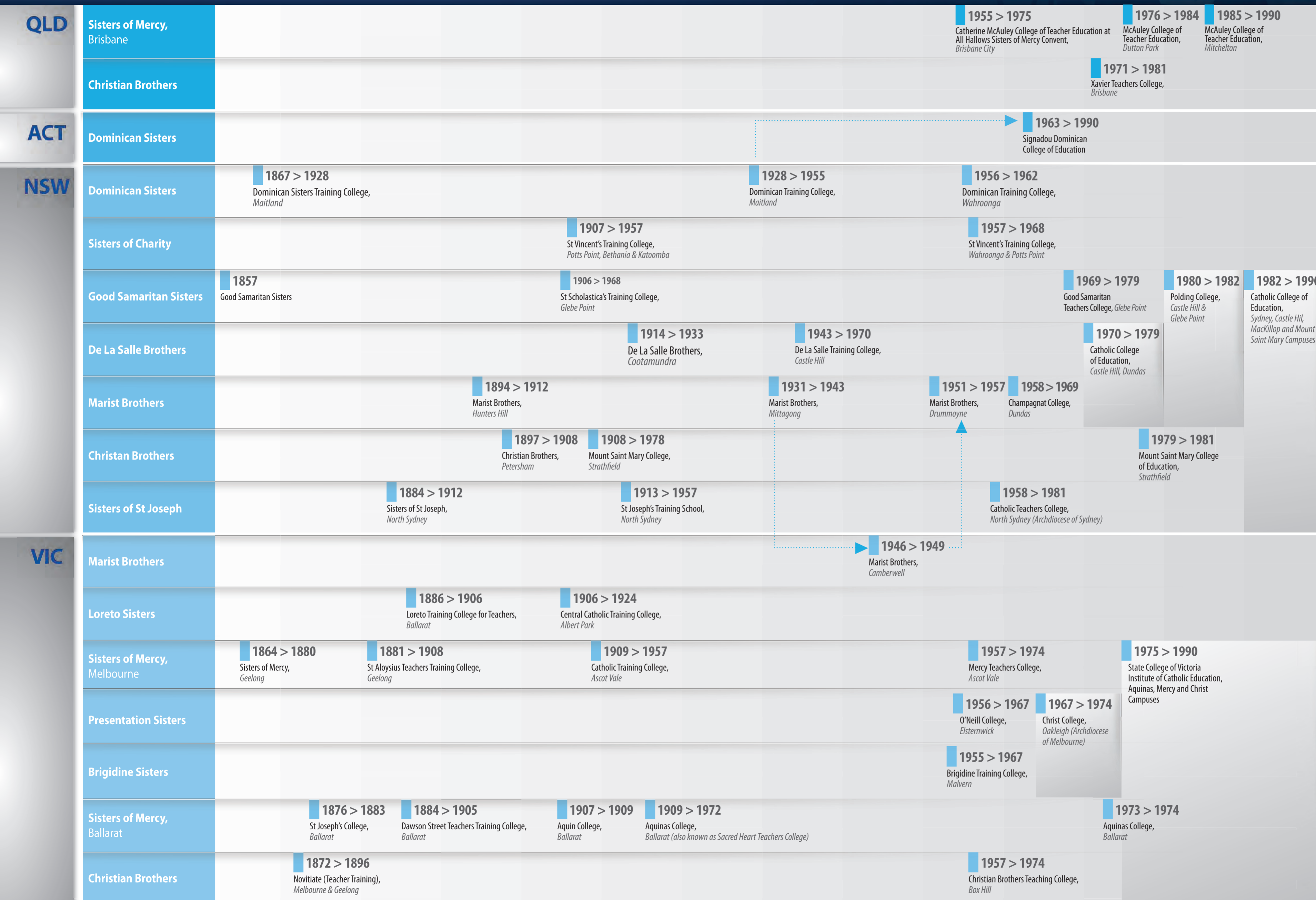


THE EMERGENCE OF AUSTRALIAN CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY



Australian Catholic University was founded in 1991 through the amalgamation of the Catholic College of Education (NSW), the Institute of Catholic Education (VIC), McAuley College (QLD) and Signadou College of Education (ACT).

The history of Catholic higher education in Australia extends back to the mid-1800s when religious Orders began preparing teachers, and later nurses, for Catholic institutions.

Australian Catholic University is indebted to the religious Orders for their important initial and ongoing support. They represent the Catholic tradition which continues to be embodied in the University's Mission and teachings.

1991
Three national faculties - Arts and Sciences, Education and Health Sciences - created across campuses in Brisbane (QLD), North Sydney, Strathfield and Castle Hill (NSW), Canberra (ACT), and Oakleigh, Ascot Vale and Ballarat (VIC).

1997
La Salle House added to North Sydney (MacKillop) Campus.

1998
Castle Hill Campus closes, with functions transferred to Strathfield (Mount Saint Mary) and North Sydney (MacKillop).

2000
Oakleigh (Christ) and Ascot Vale (Mercy) Campuses close to relocate to Fitzroy to create Melbourne (St Patrick's) Campus, incorporating historic Central Hall

2003
Brisbane (McAuley) Campus moves from Mitchelton to Banyo

2005
Blackfriars site added to Canberra (Signadou) Campus
St Vincent de Paul's Loreto Nursing Home site added to Strathfield (Mount Saint Mary) Campus and named the Edward Clancy Building.

2009
Launch of the Faculty of Theology and Philosophy

2010
Launch of the Faculty of Business

2011
ACU has more than 20,00 students and is growing according to a comprehensive Enrolment Plan. The University operates at the following campuses:

- Brisbane (McAuley at Banyo)
- North Sydney (MacKillop)
- Strathfield (Mount Saint Mary)
- Canberra (Signadou)
- Ballarat (Aquinas)
- Melbourne (St Patrick's)