

The Readiness to encounter partner abuse patients scale (READI Scale)

This scale measures your readiness to manage patients who are experiencing partner abuse.

To complete the scale, please mark the level of your agreement or disagreement with the following statements:

	Statement	Strongly disagree	Disagree	Somewhat disagree	Neutral	Somewhat agree	Agree	Strongly agree
1	I know what questions to ask patients who I suspect might be experiencing partner abuse							
2	I know how to respond if a patient discloses sexual abuse, sexual assault or rape to me							
3	It is easy for most people to leave an abusive relationship							
4	I am able to refer a patient experiencing partner abuse to the right services to get help and support							
5	I have a good understanding of the different presentations of partner abuse							
6	I am comfortable talking about partner abuse with female patients							
7	I am comfortable talking about partner abuse with male patients							
8	I am comfortable talking about partner abuse with patients from different cultural backgrounds							
9	I am comfortable talking about partner abuse with lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender and/or intersex patients (LGBTI) patients							
10	I am comfortable talking about partner abuse with elderly patients							
11	I am able to properly document partner abuse in my notes							
12	I know where to access help for myself if I feel stressed after talking to patients about partner abuse							
13	I would be able to respond appropriately if a patient disclosed abuse in their relationship							
14	I understand the legislation relevant to my healthcare profession regarding partner abuse							

15	I am confident I know what to do if I am concerned about a patient's safety								
16	I am concerned about the welfare of patients								
17	Partner abuse usually only happens to certain types of people								
18	I have the skills to talk to patients about partner abuse								
19	I can perform a safety risk assessment with a patient who is experiencing partner abuse								
20	Most healthcare practitioners only rarely encounter patients experiencing partner abuse								
21	Leaving an abusive relationship means the abuse will stop								
22	If a patient wants my help with partner abuse they will usually initiate the conversation								
23	I will do my best to support patients experiencing partner abuse								
24	I can use active and empathic listening								
25	If a patient disclosed partner abuse to me I would not know how to respond								
26	It is every healthcare professional's responsibility to help and support patients living with partner abuse								
27	Everyone has the right to live without violence or abuse								

END